

Prequise Test

Exercise 1:

In an orthonormal reference frame be $(O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}, \vec{k})$, we consider three vectors
 $\vec{U} = \vec{i} + \vec{j} + \vec{k}$, $\vec{V} = 2\vec{i} - \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$, $\vec{W} = -2\vec{k}$

1. Draw the three vectors \vec{U} , \vec{V} and \vec{W}
2. Calculate the magnitudes $\|\vec{U}\|$, $\|\vec{V}\|$ and $\|\vec{W}\|$
3. Determine the components of the unit vector \vec{u} carried by \vec{U}
4. Graphically give the vector $(\vec{U} - \vec{V})$ and calculate its modulus.
5. Calculate :
 - a) - The scalar product $\vec{U} \cdot \vec{V}$
 - b) - The cross (vectorial) product $\vec{U} \wedge \vec{V}$
 - c) - The double cross product $(\vec{U} \wedge \vec{V}) \wedge \vec{W}$
 - d) - The mix product $(\vec{V} \wedge \vec{W}) \cdot \vec{U}$
 - e) - Determine the angle between \vec{U} and \vec{V}

Exercise 2:

Let the scalar field be $f(x, y, z) = 3x^2y + y^2z^2$ and the vectorial field given by :

$$\vec{V}(x, y, z) = xz^2 \vec{i} + (2x^2 - y) \vec{j} + yz^2 \vec{k}$$

Calculate :

$$\overrightarrow{\text{grad}}(f)$$

$$\text{div}(\vec{V})$$

$$\overrightarrow{\text{curl}}(\vec{V}) \quad (\overrightarrow{\text{rot}}(\vec{V}))$$